

Lists

Lists

Lists allow you to use one identifier to group similar items together

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
price = [32.23, 12.25, 56.38, 77.55, 39.0]
```

Creating a List

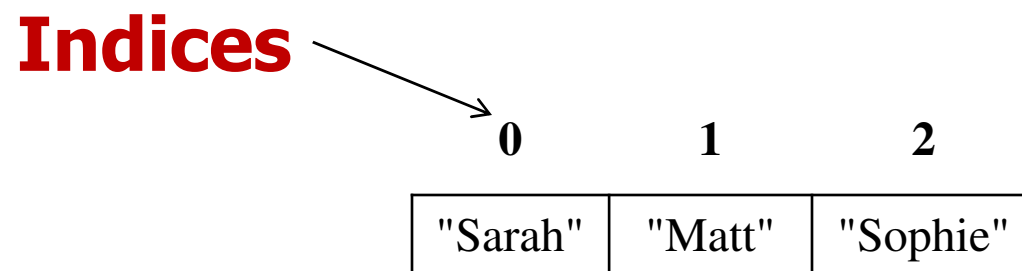
```
# Create an empty list  
myList = []
```

```
# Create a list with stuff in it  
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

Indices

The index indicates which value in the array is being accessed.

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

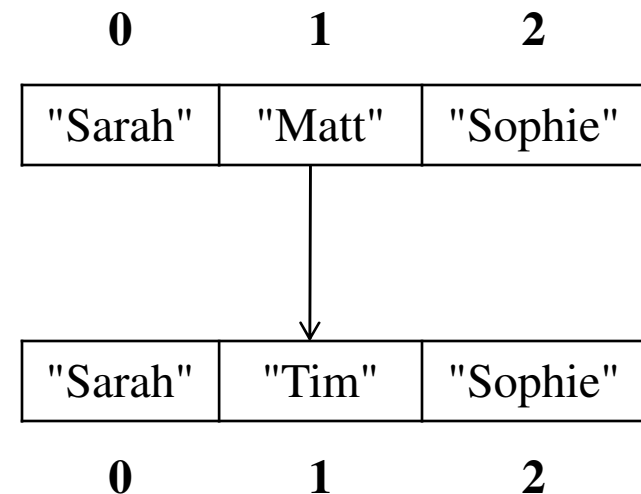


Indices

Indices allow you to get or change data in a list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah",  
             "Matt",  
             "Sophie"]
```

```
coworkers[1] = "Tim"
```



Getting data from a List

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Print the items in the list  
print coworkers[0]  
print coworkers[2]
```

Output

Sarah
Sophie

0	1	2
"Sarah"	"Matt"	"Sophie"

Getting data from a List

```
myList = [2, 1, 31, 7, 5, 12, 8]
```

```
# Print the items in the list  
print myList[1 + 2]  
print myList[9 - 3]  
print myList[11 / 2]
```

Output

7
8
12

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	1	31	7	5	12	8

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Lists

frequently used methods

Name	Use
<i>list.append(x)</i>	Adds x to the end of <i>list</i>
<i>list.insert(i, x)</i>	Inserts x at position i in <i>list</i>
<i>list.remove(x)</i>	Remove the first item of the <i>list</i> whose value is x
<i>list.pop(i)</i>	Remove the item at position i in the list, and return it
<i>len(list)</i>	Gets the length of <i>list</i>

Adding data to the end of a list

The append method allows you to add data to the end of a list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Add a name to coworkers  
coworkers.append("Larry")  
print coworkers
```

Output

```
['Sarah', 'Matt', 'Sophie', 'Larry']
```

Adding data in the middle of a list

The insert method allows you to add data to the middle of a list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Add a name to coworkers at index 1  
coworkers.insert(1, "Larry")  
print coworkers
```

Output

```
['Sarah', 'Larry', 'Matt', 'Sophie']
```

Removing data from a List

The remove method allows you to remove data from a list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Remove a name from coworkers  
coworkers.remove("Sarah")  
print coworkers
```

Output

```
['Matt', 'Sophie']
```

Removing data from a list with an index

The pop method allows you to remove data from a specific index in the list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Remove a name from coworkers  
coworkers.pop(1)  
print coworkers
```

Output

```
['Sarah', 'Sophie']
```

Length of a list

The len method returns the length of a list

```
coworkers = ["Sarah", "Matt", "Sophie"]
```

```
# Print length of coworkers  
print len(coworkers)
```

Output

3

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listmethods.py

Tuples

Tuples are lists that cannot be changed

```
myTuple = (255, 0, 89)
```

```
print myTuple
```

Output

(255, 0, 89)

Tuples

The data is accessed with indices

```
myTuple = (255, 0, 89)
```

```
print myTuple[2]
```

Output

89

Tuples

Since tuples cannot be changed, they have no methods

```
myTuple = (255, 0, 89)
```

```
myTuple.append(35)
```

AttributeError: 'tuple' object has no attribute 'append'

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Using loops to add items to a list

```
myList = []
```

```
for num in range(5):  
    myList.append(num)
```

```
print myList
```

Output

```
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
```

Using a for each loop to go through all items in a list

num will represent each number in **myList**.

```
myList = [56,65,98,2,25]
```

```
for num in myList:  
    print num
```

Output

56

65

98

2

25

Using a for each loop to go through all items in a list

```
myList = [21,16,12,27,36]  
total = 0
```

```
for num in myList:  
    total += num  
print total
```

Output

112

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Start work on List Labs